## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the Claims as follows:

- (currently amended) A method of screening or testing for candidate antifungal compounds that impair SEC14 cytosolic factor enzyme (SEC14) function, comprising:
- a) providing fungal-Candida albicans SEC14;
- providing one or more <u>a</u> candidate compound[[s]];
- c) contacting said <u>Candida albicans</u> SEC14 with said <del>one or more</del> candidate compound[[s]];
  and
- d) determining the interaction effect of the candidate compound with on the activity of said Candida albicans SEC14.
- 2. (canceled).
- 3. (canceled).
- 4. (withdrawn) A modified eukaryotic cell(s) wherein the cell(s) expresses fungal SEC14 under the control of a heterologous promoter.
- (withdrawn) The cell according to claim 4 which is a C. albicans cell.
- 6. (withdrawn) The cell according to claim 4, wherein the SEC14 is homologous.
- 7. (withdrawn) The cell according to claim 4, wherein the SEC14 comprises a fragment, a function-conservative variant, an active fragment or a fusion protein of SEC14.
- (currently amended) A method of screening or testing for candidate antifungal compounds that impair <u>Candida albicans</u> SEC14 cytosolic factor enzyme (SEC14) function, comprising:
- a) providing fungal Candida albicans SEC14 in a eukaryotic cell(s) as defined in claim 4

which expresses fungal SEC14 under the control of a heterologous promoter;

- b) providing one or more a candidate compound[[s]];
- c) contacting said eukaryotic cell(s) with said one or more candidate compound[[s]]; and
- d) determining the interaction effect of the candidate compound with said on the Candida albicans. SEC14 activity by assessing the effect on growth or viability of said cells.
- (withdrawn) A compound identified by the method of claim 1, which impairs SEC14 function for use as an antifungal compound.
- (withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a SEC14 inhibitor and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- (withdrawn) Candida or Aspergillus SEC14 as a specific target for antifungal compounds.
- 12. (canceled)
- 13. (canceled)
- 14. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 18 wherein the fungal infection is a topical, mucosal or systemic fungal infection.
- 15. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 14 wherein the topical or mucosal fungal infection is caused by species of Candida or the systemic fungal infection is caused by species of Candida or Aspergillus.
- 16. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 18 wherein said compound impairs fungal SEC14 function to a greater extent than host SEC14 function.

- 17. (withdrawn) A compound identified by the method of claim 8 which impairs SEC14 function for use as an antifungal compound.
- 18. (withdrawn) A method for the treatment or prevention of fungal infections in a host, which comprises administering to the host a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a SEC14 inhibitor.
- 19. (withdrawn) A method for the treatment or prevention of fungal infections in a subject who is immunosuppressed, which comprises the step of administering to the subject a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a SEC14 inhibitor.
- 20. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 19 wherein the fungal infection is a topical, mucosal or systemic fungal infection.
- 21. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 19 wherein the topical or mucosal fungal infection is caused by species of Candida or the systemic fungal infection is caused by species of Candida or Aspergillus.
- 22. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 19 wherein said compound impairs fungal SEC14 function to a greater extent than host SEC14 function.